1 2 3 4 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 5 DISTRICT OF NEVADA 6 GARY G. CAMPBELL, 3:13-cv-00627-LRH-WGC 7 Plaintiff, ORDER ON DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO **STRIKE** 8 v. (Doc. #73) 9 HEATHER GARCIA, 10 Defendant. 11 12 Before the court is Defendant Heather Garcia's Motion to Strike. (Doc. #73.)¹ Plaintiff 13 Gary G. Campbell filed a response. (Doc. #77.) Heather Garcia filed a reply. (Doc. #79.) 14 I. BACKGROUND 15 On September 11, 2011, a motor vehicle accident between Plaintiff Gary Campbell, who 16 was operating a tractor-trailer, and Larry Wayne Kilburn, represented by Heather Garcia in this 17 matter, resulted in the death of Mr. Kilburn. (Doc. #7.) Plaintiff commenced this lawsuit seeking 18 damages due to injuries sustained in the accident. (*Id.*) 19 Defendant's instant Motion to Strike arises out of a dispute concerning the supplemental 20 report of Mr. Michael Song, M.D., Plaintiff's expert witness. Dr. Song is a licensed 21 neurosurgeon whom Plaintiff retained to provide expert testimony regarding causation and 22 damages issues. (Doc. #45.) Dr. Song's opinion, as outlined in the expert report, pertaining to 23 Plaintiff's injuries and medical billings were condensed into three general bullet points. 24 (Doc. #45-1 at 2.) On March 4, 2015, Defendant filed its first Motion to Strike in order to 25 preclude Dr. Song from testifying at trial because Defendant contends that the expert report 26 failed to comply with the requirements in Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2)(B). (Doc. #54.) 27 28

¹ Refers to the court's docket number.

On April, 2015, a hearing was held regarding Dr. Song's expert report, where the court denied Defendant's Motion to Strike but agreed that Plaintiff's expert report lacked specificity as to (1) Plaintiff's pre-existing medical conditions prior to the accident of September 11, 2011, and (2) Dr. Song's opinions about the reasonableness of the medical expenses. (Doc. #65.) The court directed both parties to meet and confer to address the deficiencies of Dr. Song's expert report. Additionally, Defendant's counsel was to provide a list of the claimed deficiencies within Dr. Song's expert report, and Plaintiff's counsel was to produce to Defendant a supplemental report after receipt of the list. (*Id.*)

On April 28, 2015, Defendant received Dr. Song's supplemental report. The report summarized his medical opinion concerning Plaintiff's spinal condition before accident which occurred on September 11, 2011, and all the medical records and billings he reviewed that provided a basis for his opinion that the incurred charges seemed reasonable for Northern and Southern Nevada. (Doc. #68-1 at 2.)

On May 14, 2015, Defendant emailed a second meet and confer letter to Plaintiff specifically requesting additional information pertaining to medical bills Dr. Song reviewed and the specific amount of charges Dr. Song believed were necessary and reasonably incurred by Plaintiff. On May 29, 2015, Plaintiff rebuffed Defendant's request, averring that "nothing requires an expert to give an exact dollar amount as to what is a reasonable charge."

Doc. #73 at 16.

On June 19, 2015, Defendant filed the instant Motion to Strike pertaining to the supplemental report's failure to address the specific medical bills that Dr. Song opines were necessary and reasonably incurred. (Doc. #73.)

On July 2, 2015, Plaintiff's response asserted that Dr. Song's opinion concerning the reasonableness of the medical bills was not simply a "base assertion" but was supported by specific references to the reviewed medical records that his supplemental report referenced by Bates Number. (Doc. #77.)

On July 13, 2015, Defendant's reply reiterates the same reasoning found in the Motion to Strike. (Doc. #79.) Defendant seeks a court order to strike Dr. Song's supplemental report or in

1 the alterative, be allowed to depose Dr. Song but have Plaintiff's pay for the costs (estimated 2 \$3000). 3 **II. LEGAL STANDARD** Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2)(A) requires parties to "disclose to the other parties the identity of 4 5 any witness it may use at trial to present evidence under Federal Rule of Evidence 702, 703, or 6 705." Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2)(A). For experts "retained or specially employed," the disclosure 7 requirements are as follows: 8 (i) a complete statement of all opinions the witness will express and the basis and 9 reasons for them; 10 (ii) the facts or data considered by the witness in forming them; 11 (iii) any exhibits that will be used to summarize or support them; 12 (iv) the witness's qualifications, including a list of all publications authored in the 13 previous 10 years; 14 (v) a list of all other cases in which, during the previous 4 years, the witness 15 testified as an expert at trial or by deposition; and 16 (vi) a statement of the compensation to be paid for the study and testimony in the 17 case. Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2)(B). Expert reports eliminate unfair surprise and conserve 18 19 resources. Elgas v. Colorado Belle Corp., 179 F.R.D. 296, 299 (D.Nev. 1998). District courts 20 must act "in a 'gatekeeping role,' to assess whether the reasoning or methodology underlying the 21 testimony is valid and whether that reasoning or methodology properly can be applied to the 22 facts in issue." Ollier v. Sweetwater Union High School Dist., 768 F.3d 843 (9th Cir. 2014) 23 (citing Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharm., Inc., 509 U.S. 579, 592-93, 597, 509 (1993) (internal 24 quotations marks omitted). 25 **III. DISCUSSION** 26 The narrow issue before the court is Dr. Song's opinions of the reasonableness of certain 27 medical bills incurred by Plaintiff and reviewed by Dr. Song. (Doc. #68-1 at 2.) Under 28 Rule 26(a)(2)(B), an expert report requires disclosure of the facts or data considered by the

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Doc. #73.

witness in forming his/her opinion. Dr. Song's supplemental report indicated, by Bates Number, the medical records and billings he reviewed in arriving at his opinion. Defendant's sole contention in filing this motion pertains to Item 5 of Defendant's list, which requests:

5. What medical bills was Dr. Song provided to review and what is the specific amount of charges he feels were necessary and reasonably incurred by Mr. Campbell.

Dr. Song's response, found in the supplemental report, is as follows:

Please note that I had reviewed Concentra medical records and billing, at Bates, #000001-0000036, Record No. 1, Record No. 2; Avizent Psych report, at Bates, 271-273; Firooz Mashhood, MD, medical records and billing, at Bates, #000037-000176; Insight Imaging medical records and billing, at Bates, #NOS000177-000182; Interventional Pain Management medical records and billing, at Bates, #000215-000234; Kelly Hawkins, PT, medical records and billing, at Bates, #NOS000183-000214; and Louis Mortillaro, PhD, medical records and billing, at Bates, #000235-000270.

Doc. #68-1 at 2.

The court finds that Dr. Song's review of those records and the corresponding Bates Numbers identifying those documents are sufficient under Rule 26(a)(2)(B)'s requirement to disclose data that formed the expert's opinion. Rule 26(a)(2)(B), governing initial disclosures, does not require Dr. Song to provide the exact details, especially when such details can be explored further at a deposition or at trial during cross-examination. Plaintiff's argument that Dr. Song's supplemental report does not provide any additional information than the original report is unconvincing because the supplemental report included Dr. Song's opinion as to Plaintiff's prior medical condition, and as important to the present motion, an identification of what records were reviewed, the Bates Number of such records, and his opinion as to the reasonableness of the medical billing of Plaintiff's treatment as compared to the Northern Nevada and Southern Nevada areas. The court finds that Dr. Song's additional information in the supplemental report provides sufficient information to satisfy Rule 26(a)(2)(B).

IV. CONCLUSION The court finds no reason to strike Dr. Song's expert testimony insofar as Dr. Song's opinion pertains to reasonable charges based on the exact medical record and billing that Dr. Song reviewed and identified by Bates Numbers in the supplemental report. The supplemental report produced by Plaintiff was sufficient to meet the requirements of Rule 26(a)(2)(B). Therefore, Defendant's Motion to Strike is **DENIED**. IT IS SO ORDERED. DATED: July 20, 2015. William G. Cobb WILLIAM G. COBB UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE